Maths

| Year 7 KPIs | Year 7 Milestones (Knowledge) |
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| Number: Structure | Order positive and negative integers, decimals and fractions |
| | Use the symbols =, ≠, <, >, ≤, ≥ |
| | Apply the four operations, including formal written methods, to integers, decimals and simple fractions (proper and improper), and mixed numbers |
| | Understand and use place value (e.g. when working with very large or very small numbers, and when calculating with decimals) |
| | Recognise and use relationships between operations, including inverse operations (e.g. cancellation to simplify calculations and expressions |
| | Use conventional notation for priority of operations, including brackets |
| | Use the concepts and vocabulary of prime numbers, factors (divisors), multiples, common factors, common multiples, highest common factor and lowest common multiple |
| | Use positive integer powers and associated real roots (square, cube and higher), recognise powers of 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Number: Measures and Accuracy | Use standard units of mass, length, time, money and other measures (including standard compound measures) using decimal quantities where appropriate |
| | Estimate answers; check calculations using approximation and estimation, including answers obtained using technology |
| Algebra: Notation, Vocabulary and Manipulation | Use and interpret algebraic notation, including: ab in place of $a \times b$, $3y$ in place of $y + y + y$ and $3 \times y$, a^2 in place of $a \times a$, a^3 in place of $a \times a \times a$, a/b in place of $a \div b$, brackets |
| | Substitute numerical values into formulae and expressions |
| | Snderstand and use the concepts and vocabulary of expressions, equations, formulae and terms |
| | Simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions by collecting like terms and multiplying a single term over a bracket |
| | Understand and use standard mathematical formulae |
| | Where appropriate, interpret simple expressions as functions with inputs and outputs |
| Algebra: Graphs | Work with coordinates in all four quadrants |

| Algebra: Solving Equations | Solve linear equations in one unknown algebraically |
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| Algebra: Sequences | Generate terms of a sequence from a term-to-term rule |
| | Recognise and use sequences of triangular, square and cube numbers, simple arithmetic progressions |
| Ratio, Proportion and Rates Of Change | Change freely between related standard units (e.g. time, length, area, volume/capacity, mass) in numerical contexts |
| | Express one quantity as a fraction of another, where the fraction is less than 1 or greater than 1 |
| | Use ratio notation, including reduction to simplest form |
| | Divide a given quantity into two parts in a given part:part or part:whole ratio |
| | Define percentage as 'number of parts per hundred' |
| | Interpret percentages and percentage changes as a fraction or a decimal, and interpret these multiplicatively |
| | Express one quantity as a percentage of another |
| | Compare two quantities using percentages |
| | Solve problems involving percentage change, including percentage increase/decrease |
| Probability | Record describe and analyse the frequency of outcomes of probability experiments using tables and frequency trees |
| | Apply ideas of randomness, fairness and equally likely events to calculate expected outcomes of multiple future experiments |
| | Relate relative expected frequencies to theoretical probability, using appropriate language and the 0 - 1 probability scale |
| | Construct theoretical possibility spaces for single experiments with equally likely outcomes and use these to calculate theoretical probabilities |

| Geometry and Measures: Properties and Structures | Use conventional terms and notations: points, lines, vertices, edges, planes, parallel lines, perpendicular lines, right angles, polygons, regular polygons and polygons with reflection and/or rotation symmetries |
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| | Use the standard conventions for labelling and referring to the sides and angles of triangles |
| | Draw diagrams from written description |
| | Apply the properties of angles at a point, angles at a point on a straight line, vertically opposite angles |
| | Derive and apply the properties and definitions of: special types of quadrilaterals, including square, rectangle, parallelogram, trapezium, kite and rhombus; and triangles and other plane figures using appropriate language |
| | Identify, describe and construct congruent shapes including on coordinate axes, by considering rotation, reflection and translation |
| t) | Solve geometrical problems on coordinate axes |
| ome | Identify and apply circle definitions and properties, including: centre, radius, chord, diameter, circumference |
| es | Identify properties of the faces, surfaces, edges and vertices of: cubes, cuboids, prisms, cylinders, pyramids, cones and spheres |
| Geometry and Measures:Mensuratio n and Calculation | Use standard units of measure and related concepts (length, area, volume/capacity, mass, time, money, etc.) |
| | Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures |
| | Know and apply formulae to calculate area of triangles, parallelograms, trapezia |
| | Calculate perimeters of 2D shapes |
| | Know the formulae: circumference of a circle = $2\pi r$ = πd , area of a circle = πr^2 |
| | Know and apply formulae to calculate volume of cuboids |
| Vectors | Describe translations as 2D vectors |
| Statistics | Interpret and construct tables, charts and diagrams, including frequency tables, bar charts, pie charts and pictograms for categorical data, vertical line charts for ungrouped discrete numerical data and know their appropriate use |
| | Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets from univariate empirical distributions through appropriate measures of central tendency (median, mean, mode and modal class) and spread (range) |